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The Talking Heads of Stone

by CHARLES L. MEE

A COUPLE OF SPEAKING GREEK PORTRAIT BUSTS ARE FOUND HERE AND THERE

AGAMEMNON I see that there are acts that will set an empire on a course that will one day bring it to an end.

Because, we see from the histories of empires none will last forever and all are brought down finally not by others but by themselves, from the actions that they take that they believe are right or good or necessary at the time to do.

Sometimes they are brought to ruin by no more than the belief that something must be done when in truth doing nothing would have been the better course.

To be sure, an empire cannot refuse to defend itself from absolute devastation and so it will arrange to have the capacity for self-defense. It will preserve itself first from extinction and, as well, from lethal damage or great harm

and then, too, from hurt and ill-treatment that could, if left unattended, lead to serious injury, and, so by degrees, an empire will reason itself to a need to be immune even from insult responding, finally, to the anxieties and nightmares that arise from within, and so: striking out at the phantasms of its own dreams. Of course, it will know that a nation must protect its borders and, in order to do that, must secure its periphery and so it will come to attend to conditions just beyond its outermost bounds and thus, by increments, its interests will grow, until they will have been extended beyond an ability to defend them. They will have created new enemies along the way. They will have created the causes of wars where there were none before. Even if an empire begins with no ambition with no desire for conquest no wish to grow even so, it will feel it must grow or die and so it grows and thus it dies. Ruin, it would seem, is inherent in the nature of empire.

Might this fate be avoided or at least postponed? Might something else be done? Are there no precepts to follow in this murky, unpredictable world? Often, it seems. men of affairs think that moral laws offer no useful guide to behavior that they are not meant for the practical business of the world forgetting that moral laws are nothing more nor less than the accumulated folk wisdom of millenia of human experience. And so it will happen that some moral law of an unforgiving nature is violated -

a law against boundless desire, or cruelty a law against coercion or indifference to the humanity of others a law against initiating violence or being required, in the pursuit of some goal, to commit an act that anyone might see is heinous something finally is done that is so deeply wrong that the world must rise and crush it in order for the world itself to go on. We may have felt some qualm about our behavior along the way but we will have dismissed it thinking it is a secondary thing

thinking it is a secondary thing lesser, insignificant in the context of the great demands we have placed upon ourselves and yet this qualm we feel will have been sent to us by our deepest wisdom. It is a warning to us. We ignore it at our peril.

HOMER

There are times you will see a black maidenhair fern in shady places or sometimes near the trunks of trees on the banks of ditches in wet ravines in turf bogs on the high rocks on rotted wood or in a meadow each one of these has its own affect whether in a dream or in the waking world You might see two boys playing with a bird an old woman feeding a cat hour glasses combs of horn buttons silk stockings of the colors of the orient shoes of Spanish leather rolls of parchment

a bundle of tobacco an orange gathered from the tree that grew over Zebulon's Tomb a sitar birds nests from China prisms a stone taken from a vulture's head; a large ostrich egg on which is inscribed the famous battle of Alcazar in which three kings lost their lives; the skin of a snake bred from the spinal marrow of a man; iasmine narcissus scarlet ribbons a toothpick case an eyebrow brush a pair of French scissors a quart of orange flower water four pounds of scented snuff a tweezer caseenameled an amber-headed cane a tailor's bill lessons for the flute an almanac for the year 1700 petrified moss petrified wood **Brazil pebbles** Egyptian bloodstones hummingbirds pieces of white spar a piece of the stone of the oracle of Apollo Bucharest salami a Turkish powder horn a pistol a giant's head a music box a quill pen a red umbrella some faded thing handkerchiefs made of lawn of cambric of Irish linen of Chinese silk and each one of these may make you wonder whether it signifies the past or the future or is only meant to fill you with a longing

for such moments of life in the afternoon and the wish that they should go on forever.

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